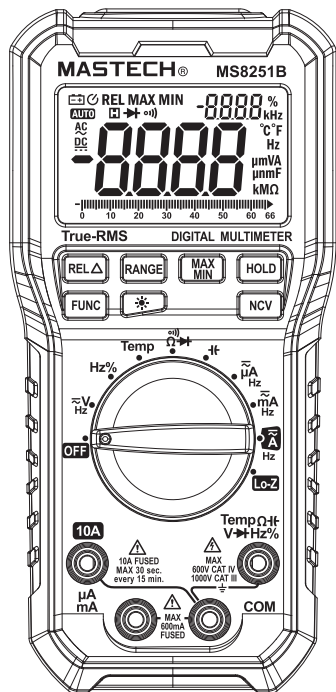


MASTECH®

MS8251B

DIGITAL MULTIMETER OPERATION MANUAL



CAT IV
600V

CAT III
1000V



Intertek



فروشگاه اینترنتی اتوماسیون ۲۴

Automation24.it

(۰۲۵) ۳۶۶۱۳۶۷۸ - ۳۶۶۱۳۷۷۸

1. Safety Information

Warning

To reduce the risk of electrical shock, product damage or personal injury, please follow the safety instructions described in the user manual. read the user manual before using the meter.

This instrument meets EN 61010-1, EN 61010-2-030, EN 61010-2-033 standards for safety requirements for electronic testing instruments, pollution degree 2 and over voltage rating of CAT III 1000V and CAT IV 600V.

Follow all safety instruments to ensure use of the instrument. Proper use and protection of the meter will ensure long life of the meter.

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.









1.1 Preparation

- 1.1.1 When using the meter, follow the following safety rules:
 - Always take precaution to prevent electrical shock
 - Never misuse the instrument
- 1.1.2 Check to see if the meter or any components were damaged during shipment.
- 1.1.3 Check the meter and accessories thoroughly before using.
- 1.1.4 Inspect test leads and probes for cracks, breaks or crazes on the insulation before using the meter.
- 1.1.5 Use test leads provided with the unit. If necessary, replace test leads with identical specifications.

1.2 Use

- 1.2.1 Turn the rotary switch to the required function and range to be measured.
- 1.2.2 When using the CAT IV environment, if the measuring voltage between terminals and earth ground exceeds 600V, CAT III environments or voltage measurement between the terminal and the earth more than 1000V, do not measure voltage.
- 1.2.3 Always be careful when working with voltages above 60V DC or 30V AC RMS. Keep fingers behind the probe barriers while measuring. Never touch probes during measurement.
- 1.2.4 Choose the highest range when the value to be measured is unknown.
- 1.2.5 Remove test leads before switching functions on the rotary switch.
- 1.2.6 Do not perform resistance, capacitance, diode and continuity measurements on powered circuits.
- 1.2.7 Never connect the test leads across a voltage source while the rotary switch is in the resistance, diode or continuity mode. Doing so can damage the meter.
- 1.2.8 Power off the circuit and discharge capacitors before testing capacitance.
- 1.2.9 Do not place the meter in any environment with high pressure, high temperature, dust, explosive gas or vapor.
- 1.2.10 Stop using the meter if any failure or abnormal function is observed.
- 1.2.11 Do not use meter unless battery cover is in place and secured.
- 1.2.12 Avoid direct sunlight, exposing batteries to humidity, any strong magnetic field, or high temperatures to ensure the extended life of the meter.

1.3 Symbols

	Note-Important safety information, refer to the instruction manual.
	Application around and removal from UNINSULATED HAZARDOUS LIVE conductors is permitted.
	Caution, possibility of electric shock
	Equipment protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.
	Conforms to UL STD. 61010-1, 61010-2-030; Certified to CSA STD C22.2 NO. 61010-1, 61010-2-030
	Complies with European (EU) safety standards
	Earth (ground) TERMINAL
	Both direct and alternating current


CAT III: Which is applicable to test and measuring circuits connected to the distribution part of the building's low-voltage MAINS installation.

CAT IV: Which is applicable to test and measuring circuits connected at the source of the building's low-voltage MAINS installation.

1.4 Maintenance

1.4.1 To avoid electric shock or personal injury, repairs or servicing not covered in this manual should be performed only by qualified personnel.

1.4.2 Remove test leads before opening battery cover

1.4.3 To avoid incorrect readings causing electric shock or personal injury, when low battery symbol "" appears, replace batteries immediately.

1.4.4 The meter can be cleaned with a soft cloth to remove any oil, grease or grime. Do not use liquid solvent or detergent.

1.4.5 When the instrument is not in use, turn rotary switch to "OFF"

1.4.6 If the instrument is not to be used for an extended period of time, remove the batteries to prevent damage to the instrument.

2. Features and Components

- The MS8251B is a portable, hand-held yet professional meter that features an LCD with backlight, overload protection and low battery indicator. These meters are easy to use with one hand, suitable for professional users or amateurs, and ideal for school or home use.

- Functions include: AC/DC voltage, AC/DC current, resistance, capacitance, continuity, diode test, frequency and duty cycle.

- Auto and manual range.

- Auto power off.

- Max measurement.

- Min measurement.

- Relative measurement

- Reading Hold function.

- True RMS.

- Simultaneously display frequency during AC voltage/ current measurements.

- Non-contact voltage test.

2.1 Components

(1) Non-contact voltage detection indicator

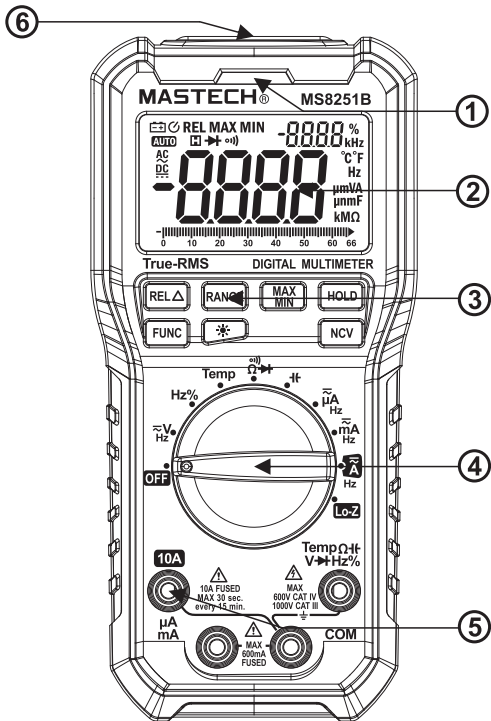
(2) LCD screen

(3) Function buttons

(4) Rotary switch

(5) Input sockets

(6) Non-contact voltage sensor



2.2 Buttons and Symbols

HOLD button: hold current reading on screen.

FUNC button: switch between functions.

RANGE button: switch between auto/manual ranges.

REL button: relative reading

MAX/MIN button: switch between maximum/ minimum readings.

☼ button: turn on/off backlight.

EMP position: thermocouple temperature measurement.

LO-Z position: identify ghost voltages.

OFF position: turn off meter.

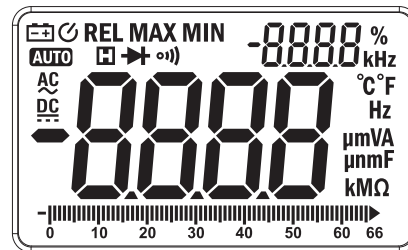
Temp V Hz % Ω h jack: voltage, current, resistance, capacitance, diode, continuity, frequency, duty cycle, temperature input terminal.

COM jack: common input terminal.

μ AmA jack: current measurements <600mA.

10A jack: current measurements >600mA to 10A.

2.3 LCD display



~	Alternating current
≡	Direct current
▶	Diode
o))	Continuity
AUTO	Autoranging mode
MAX	Maximum value
MIN	Minimum value
⌚	Auto power off
⚡	Low battery
%	Percentage (duty cycle)
Hz, kHz	Hertz, Kilohertz (frequency)
mV, V	Millivolt, Volt (voltage)
μA, mA, A	Micro amp, Milliamp, Amp (current)
nF, μF, mF	Nanofarad, Microfarad, Millifarad (capacitance)
Ω, kΩ, MΩ	Ohm, Kilohm, Megaohm (resistance)
REL	Relative value
NCV	Non-contact voltage detection
H	Data hold

3. Specifications

The Meter should be calibrated annually between 18°C~28°C and a relative humidity less than 75%.

3.1 General Specifications

- 3.1.1 Manual and auto range
- 3.1.2 Full range overload protection
- 3.1.3 The maximum voltage allowed between the measuring end and the earth: CAT IV measurement environment for 600V DC or AC(RMS), CAT III measurement environment for 1000VDC or AC(RMS).
- 3.1.4 Maximum working height: 2000m
- 3.1.5 Display: LCD
- 3.1.6 Maximum display value: 6599
- 3.1.7 Polarity indication: "-" indicates negative polarity
- 3.1.8 Overload indication: "OL" or "-OL"
- 3.1.9 Sampling frequency: 0.4s (digital display)/ 0.04s (bar graph). For current readings, 1s (digital display) / 0.1s (bar graph)
- 3.1.10 Units display: functions and units
- 3.1.11 Auto power off: 15 minutes
- 3.1.12 Power supply: 9V 6F22 battery
- 3.1.13 Low battery indication: LCD displays "⚡"
- Temperature coefficient: less than 0.1% specified accuracy/°C
- Operating temperature: 0°C ~40°C
- 3.1.16 Storage temperature: -10°C ~50°C
- 3.1.17 Dimensions: 175×85×52mm
- 3.1.18 Weight: approx. 420g (including battery)

3.2 Technical Specifications

3.2.1 True RMS Characteristics

- For non-sinusoidal signal measurement, the Meter provides more accurate measurement than the traditional averaging method.
- If in AC current mode, the Meter may display a random reading between 1 and 50 when the input is not active. This will not affect the accuracy of measurement.
- True RMS requires a minimum input level, AC current or voltage should be 2%~100% of the maximum level.

3.2.2 Dual Impedance Characteristics

- Normal impedance (10M) with normal testing capabilities.
- Low impedance Lo-Z (400kΩ) for testing where "ghost voltage" may be present. Ghost voltage can occur when power supply conductors and adjacent unused conductors create a capacitive coupling between conductors. If this possibility exists, or when testing for the presence of voltage, use the Lo-Z mode to switch to the low impedance setting to remove the ghost voltages during measurement.

3.2.3 DC Voltage

range	Resolution	Accuracy
660mV	0.1mV	±(0.8% of reading + 3 digits)
6.6V	0.001V	±(0.5% of reading + 5 digits)
66V	0.01V	
660V	0.1V	
1000V	1V	±(0.8% of reading + 3 digits)

- Input impedance: 10MΩ
- Overload protection: 660mV range: 250V DC or AC (RMS), 6.6V-1000V range: 1000V DC/AC (RMS)
- Maximum input voltage: 1000V DC

3.2.4 AC Voltage

3.2.4.1 AC Voltage (A position)

range	Resolution	Accuracy	Frequency Range
660mV	0.1mV	±(1.5% of reading + 5 digits)	40 ~ 60Hz
6.6V	0.001V	±(1.2% of reading + 5 digits)	40 ~ 400Hz
66V	0.01V		
660V	0.1V	±(1.0% of reading + 3 digits)	40 ~ 400Hz
1000V	1V		

- Input impedance: 10MΩ
- Overload protection: 660mV range: 250V DC or AC (RMS), 6.6V-1000V range: 1000V DC/AC (RMS)
- Maximum input voltage: 1000V AC (RMS)
- Response: True RMS

3.2.4.2 AC Voltage Low Impedance(Io-Z)

range	Resolution	Accuracy	Frequency Range
660mV	0.1mV	±(1.5% of reading + 5 digits)	40 ~ 60Hz
6.6V	0.001V	±(1.2% of reading + 5 digits)	40 ~400Hz
66V	0.01V	±(1.2% of reading + 5 digits)	40 ~ 400Hz
660V	0.1V	±(1.0% of reading + 3 digits)	
1000V	1V		

- Input impedance: 400kΩ
- Overload protection: 660mV range: 250V DC or AC (RMS), 6.6V-1000V range: 1000V DC/AC (RMS)
- Maximum input voltage: 1000V AC (RMS)
- Response: True RMS

3.2.5 Resistance

range	Resolution	Accuracy
660Ω	0.1Ω	±(0.8% of reading + 5 digits)
6.6kΩ	0.001kΩ	
66kΩ	0.01kΩ	
660kΩ	0.1kΩ	
6.6MΩ	0.001MΩ	
66MΩ	0.1MΩ	±(1.5% of reading + 5 digits)


- Open circuit voltage: approx. 1.0V
- Overload protection: 250V DC /AC (RMS)

3.2.6 Capacitance

range	Resolution	Accuracy
6.6nF	0.001nF	±(4.0% reading + 5 digits)
66nF	0.01nF	±(3.0% reading + 3 digits)
660nF	0.1nF	
6.6μF	0.001μF	
66μF	0.01μF	
660μF	0.1μF	±(4.0% reading + 5 digits)
6.6mF	0.001mF	
66mF	0.01mF	


- Overload protection: 250V DC or AC (RMS)

3.2.7 Diode Test

range	Resolution	Function
	0.001V	Shows approximate forward voltage of diode

- Forward DC current : approx. 1mA
- Revers DC voltage: approx. 3.2V
- Overload protection: 250V DC/AC(rms)

3.2.8 Continuity

range	Resolution	Function
	0.1Ω	If measured resistance is less than 50Ω, a buzzer will sound

- Open circuit voltage: approx. 1.0V
- Overload protection: 250V DC/AC(rms)

3.2.9 Frequency

3.2.9.1 Frequency (V position):

range	Resolution	Accuracy
66Hz	0.01Hz	±(1.5% reading + 5 digits)
660Hz	0.1Hz	
6.6kHz	0.001kHz	
10kHz	0.01kHz	

- Range: 10Hz~10kHz

- Input Voltage: ≥0.2V AC (Input voltage should increase along with the frequency)

3.2.9.2 Frequency (Hz position):

range	Resolution	Accuracy
66Hz	0.01Hz	±(1.5% reading + 5 digits)
660Hz	0.1Hz	
6.6kHz	0.001kHz	±(1.5% reading + 5 digits)
66kHz	0.01Hz	
660kHz	0.1kHz	
6.6MHz	1kHz	
66MHz	10kHz	

- Overload protection: 250V DC/AC(rms)

- Input Voltage: 3V peak to peak AC

3.2.9.3 Duty Cycle

range	Resolution	Accuracy
1 - 99%	0.1%	±2.0%

3.2.10 DC Current

range	Resolution	Accuracy
660μA	0.1μA	±(1.0% reading + 5 digits)
6600μA	1μA	
66mA	10μA	
660mA	100μA	
10A	10mA	±(2.0% reading + 5 digits)

Overload protection:

μA and mA position: Fuse FF600mA/1000V,

A position: Fuse FF10A/1000V.

When the target current is larger than 5A, do not continue measurement for more than 10 sec. Pause for 1 minute after the measuring.

3.2.11 AC Current

range	Resolution	Accuracy
660μA	0.1μA	±(1.5% reading + 5 digits)
6600μA	1μA	
66mA	10μA	
660mA	100μA	
10A	10mA	±(3.0% reading + 5 digits)

Overload protection:

μA and mA grade: Fuse FF600mA/1000V,

A position: Fuse FF10A/1000V.

- Frequency range: 40 ~ 400Hz

- Response: True RMS

When the target current is larger than 5A, do not continue measurement for more than 10 sec. Pause for 1 minute after the measuring.

3.2.12 Temperature

Range	Input	Test Range	Accuracy
0~1000°C	Ambient Temp	±2 digits	±(1.0% of reading +3 digits)
	400°C	±4 digits	
	1000°C	±5 digits	
32~1832°F	Ambient Temp	±2 digits	
	800°F	±4 digits	
	1800°F	±20 digits	

4. Using the Meter

4.1 Data Hold

- 4.1.1 During a measurement, press the “**HOLD**” button once to hold the reading.
- 4.1.2 Press “**HOLD**” again to release the hold.

4.2 Manual Range

- 4.2.1 In voltage, current, resistance and capacitance modes, the default range is “**AUTO**”
- 4.2.2 Press “**RANGE**” to enter manual ranging. Each press switches to a higher range. Pressing the button at the highest range will return to the lowest range.
- 4.2.3 Hold “**RANGE**” to return to “**AUTO**”
- 4.2.4 Pressing “**RANGE**” in Max/Min mode will return the meter to normal reading.

Note: Manual range is disabled in frequency mode.

4.3 Relative Measurement Mode Switch

- 4.3.1 Press “**REL**△” to enter relative measurement. This will store the reading when pressed and display the difference between current reading and the stored reading.

- 4.3.2 Press “**REL**△” again to return to normal.


4.4 Maximum/Minimum Reading

- 4.4.1 Press “**MAX/MIN**” to display the maximum value recorded
- 4.4.2 Press “**MAX/MIN**” again to display the minimum value recorded.
- 4.4.3 Hold “**MAX/MIN**” to return to normal readings.

4.5 Function Switching

- 4.5.1 In voltage or current modes, press “**FUNC**” to switch between AC and DC.
- 4.5.2 In resistance, diode or continuity modes, press “**FUNC**” to switch between measurements.
- 4.5.3 In temperature mode, press “**FUNC**” to switch between °C and °F.

4.6 Backlight

- 4.6.1 Press “” to turn on backlight. Press again to turn off.

4.7 Automatic Power-off

- 4.7.1 If there is no operation for 15 minutes after turning the machine on, the meter will automatically power off to save the battery.
- 4.7.2 After automatic power-off, press any key to turn the meter on again.
- 4.7.3 Holding the “**FUNC**” key when powering on will cancel automatic power-off function.

4.8 Non-Contact Voltage Detection (NCV)

- 4.8.1 With the rotary switch in any position except OFF, hold down the “**NCV**” button.
- 4.8.2 Move the tip of the meter near the voltage source or conductor. If the voltage detected is greater than 110VAC, the buzzer will beep and the NCV indicator near the tip of the meter will flash.

Note:

1. Even though there is no indication, voltage may still exist. Do not rely solely on NCV detector to determine the presence of voltage in a wire. The measurement may be affected by the design of the outlet, type of insulation and other external factors.
2. The voltage sensing indicator may turn on when a voltage is fed to the meter.
3. Other external interference (ex. Flashlight, motor) may trigger the NCV sensor.

4.9 AC/DC Voltage

Voltage is the electrical potential difference between two points in a circuit. AC polarity changes over time, where DC polarity stays constant.

Measuring AC or DC voltage:

- 4.9.1 Move the rotary switch to the “V” position.
- 4.9.2 Connect the red test lead to the “V” jack and the black test lead to the “COM” jack.
- 4.9.3 Connect the test leads to the voltage source or load.
- 4.9.4 The measured voltage will be displayed. For DC voltage, polarity of the red test lead will be indicated.
- 4.9.5 Press “FUNC” to switch between AC/DC voltage.

4.10 Resistance

- 4.10.1 Move the rotary switch to the $\rightarrow \Omega$ position.
- 4.10.2 Connect the red test lead to the “ Ω ” jack and the black test lead to the “COM” jack.
- 4.10.3 Connect the test leads to the circuit.
- 4.10.4 Resistance value will be displayed.

4.11 Continuity

- 4.11.1 In resistance mode, press “FUNC” to switch to continuity mode.
- 4.11.2 Connect the red test lead to the input jack and the black test lead to the “COM” jack.
- 4.11.3 Connect the test leads to the circuit.
- 4.11.4 If the resistance of the circuit is less than 50 Ω , a buzzer will sound.

4.12 Diode

- 4.12.1 In continuity mode, press “FUNC” to switch to diode mode.
- 4.12.2 Connect the red test lead to the input jack and the black test lead to the “COM” jack.
- 4.12.3 Connect the red test lead to the anode (+) and the black lead to the cathode (-) of the diode.
- 4.12.4 The meter will display the forward biased voltage drop across the diode.

4.13 Capacitance

- 4.13.1 Move the rotary switch to the $\rightarrow \text{F}$ position.
- 4.13.2 Connect the red test lead to the input jack and the black test lead to the “COM” jack.
- 4.13.3 Connect the test leads to the circuit/capacitor.
- 4.13.4 Capacitance value will be displayed.

4.14 Frequency and Duty Cycle

- 4.14.1 Move the rotary switch to the “Hz%” position.
- 4.14.2 Connect the red test lead to the input jack and the black test lead to the “COM” jack.
- 4.14.3 Connect the test leads to the circuit.
- 4.14.4 The measured frequency and duty cycle will be displayed simultaneously.

4.15 Current


- 4.15.1 Remove power to the circuit and discharge all capacitance.
- 4.15.2 Move the rotary switch to the appropriate position (μA , mA or A).
- 4.15.3 Connect the black test lead to the "COM" jack. If the current to be measured is $<600\text{mA}$, connect the red test lead to the " μAmA " jack. If the current to be measured is $>600\text{mA}$, connect the red test lead to the "10A" jack.
- 4.15.4 Break the circuit. Connect the test leads across the break, with the red lead to the higher voltage side, and the black lead to the lower voltage side.
- 4.15.5 Power on the circuit and the current value will be displayed. If "OL" appears on the display, it means the current exceeds the selected mode. Move the rotary switch to the next higher position.

5. Maintenance

5.1 Replace Battery

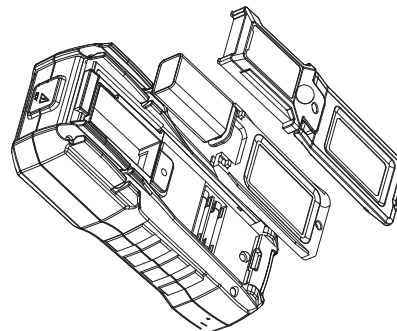
Warning

To avoid electrical shock, damage or personal injury, remove test leads before opening battery cover.

- 5.1.1 If the low battery symbol "" appears, the battery needs to be changed.
- 5.1.2 Unscrew the battery cover from the back of the meter and remove the old battery.
- 5.1.3 Insert a new battery and replace the cover and tighten it to the meter.

Note:

Be sure to note the battery polarity when replacing.



5.2 Test Lead Replacement

Warning

Probe assemblies to be used for MAINS measurements shall be RATED for CAT III 1000V, CAT IV 600V and 10A according to EN 61010-031 or better.

Replace test leads if leads become worn.

6. Accessories

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------|
| 1. Test Leads | | 1 pair |
| 2. Manual | | 1 pcs |
| 3. Battery | 9V 6F22 | 1 pcs |
| 4. multifunctional test socket | | 1 pcs |
| 5. electromagnetic pendant | | 1 pcs |
| 6. K-type temperature probe | | 1 pcs |

